

Triacs

HS137S series
HS137M series
GENERAL DESCRIPTION

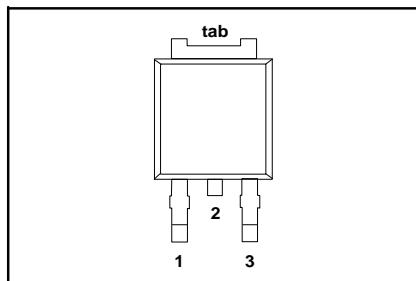
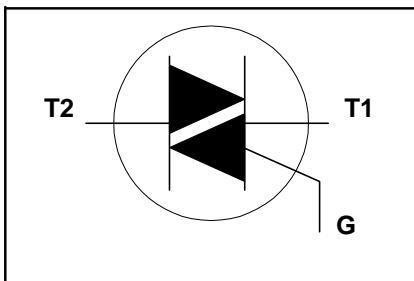
Glass passivated triacs in a plastic envelope, suitable for surface mounting, intended for use in applications requiring high bidirectional transient and blocking voltage capability and high thermal cycling performance. Typical applications include motor control, industrial and domestic lighting, heating and static switching.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MAX.	MAX.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{DRM}	HS137S (or HS137M)- HS137S (or HS137M)- HS137S (or HS137M)- Repetitive peak off-state voltages	500 500F 500G 500	600 600F 600G 600	800 800F 800G 800	V
$I_{T(RMS)}$	RMS on-state current	8	8	8	A
I_{TSM}	Non-repetitive peak on-state current	65	65	65	A

PINNING - SOT428

PIN NUMBER	Standard S	Alternative M
1	MT1	gate
2	MT2	MT2
3	gate	MT1
tab	MT2	MT2

PIN CONFIGURATION**SYMBOL****LIMITING VALUES**

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.			UNIT
				-500 500 ¹	-600 600 ¹	-800 800	
V_{DRM}	Repetitive peak off-state voltages		-				V
$I_{T(RMS)}$ I_{TSM}	RMS on-state current Non-repetitive peak on-state current	full sine wave; $T_{mb} \leq 102^\circ\text{C}$ full sine wave; $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ prior to surge $t = 20\text{ ms}$ $t = 16.7\text{ ms}$ $t = 10\text{ ms}$ $I_{TM} = 12\text{ A}; I_G = 0.2\text{ A};$ $dI_G/dt = 0.2\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	-		8		A
I^2t dI_G/dt	I^2t for fusing Repetitive rate of rise of on-state current after triggering		-	65	71	21	A^2s
I_{GM} V_{GM} P_{GM} $P_{G(AV)}$ T_{stg} T_j	Peak gate current Peak gate voltage Peak gate power Average gate power Storage temperature Operating junction temperature	over any 20 ms period	T2+ G+ T2+ G- T2- G- T2- G+	-	50	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
			-	50	50	50	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
			-	10	2	5	$\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
			-	2	5	5	A
			-	5	0.5	0.5	V
			-40	150	125	125	W
			-				$^\circ\text{C}$

¹ Although not recommended, off-state voltages up to 800V may be applied without damage, but the triac may switch to the on-state. The rate of rise of current should not exceed 6 A/ μs .

**THERMAL RESISTANCES**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
$R_{th\ j\text{-}mb}$	Thermal resistance junction to mounting base	full cycle	-	-	2.0	K/W
$R_{th\ j\text{-}a}$	Thermal resistance junction to ambient	half cycle pcb (FR4) mounted; footprint as in Fig.14	-	75	2.4	K/W

STATIC CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.			UNIT
I_{GT}	Gate trigger current	HS137S-(or HS137M) $V_D = 12\text{ V}$; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	5	35	25	50	mA
		T2+ G+	-	8	35	25	50	mA
		T2+ G-	-	11	35	25	50	mA
		T2- G-	-	30	70	70	100	mA
I_L	Latching current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$; $I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	7	30	30	45	mA
		T2+ G+	-	16	45	45	60	mA
		T2+ G-	-	5	30	30	45	mA
		T2- G-	-	7	45	45	60	mA
I_H	Holding current	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$; $I_{GT} = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	5	20	20	40	mA
		T2- G+	-	5	20	20	40	mA
V_T	On-state voltage	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	1.3	1.65			V
		$I_T = 10\text{ A}$	-	0.7	1.5			V
V_{GT}	Gate trigger voltage	$V_D = 12\text{ V}$; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	0.25	0.4	-			V
		$V_D = 400\text{ V}$; $I_T = 0.1\text{ A}$	-	0.1	0.5			mA
I_D	Off-state leakage current	$V_D = V_{DRM(\text{max})}$; $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	-					

DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise stated

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	...	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
dV_D/dt	Critical rate of rise of off-state voltage	HS137S-(or HS137M) $V_{DM} = 67\%$ $V_{DRM(\text{max})}$; $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$; exponential waveform; gate open circuit	...	100	50	200	250	V/ μ s
dV_{com}/dt	Critical rate of change of commutating voltage	$V_{DM} = 400\text{ V}$; $T_j = 95^\circ\text{C}$; $I_{T(RMS)} = 8\text{ A}$; $dI_{com}/dt = 3.6\text{ A/ms}$; gate open circuit	-	-	10	20	-	V/ μ s
t_{gt}	Gate controlled turn-on time	$I_{TM} = 12\text{ A}$; $V_D = V_{DRM(\text{max})}$; $I_G = 0.1\text{ A}$; $dI_G/dt = 5\text{ A/\mus}$	-	-	-	2	-	μ s

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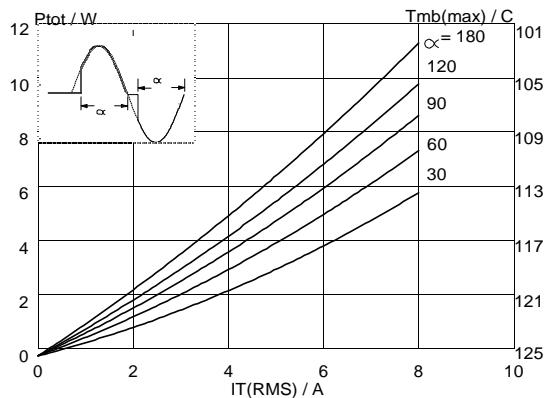
 HS137S series
 HS137M series


Fig. 1. Maximum on-state dissipation, P_{tot} , versus rms on-state current, $I_{T(RMS)}$, where α = conduction angle.

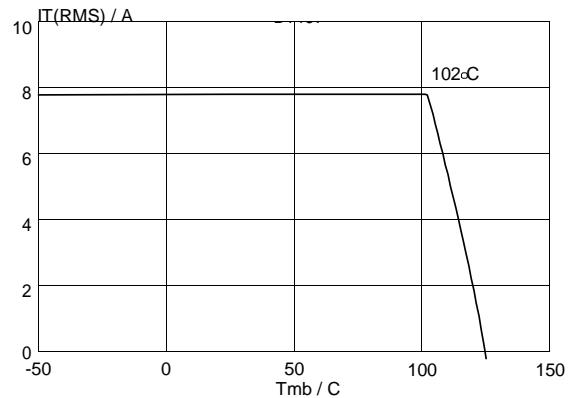


Fig. 4. Maximum permissible rms current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus mounting base temperature T_{mb} .

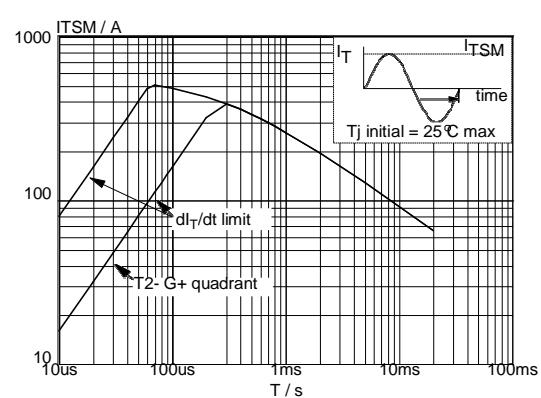


Fig. 2. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus pulse width t_D , for sinusoidal currents, $t_D \leq 20\text{ms}$.

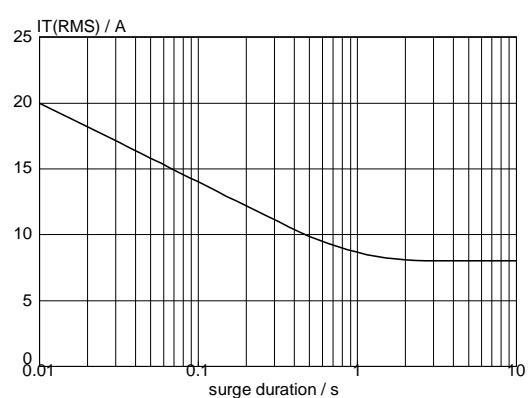


Fig. 5. Maximum permissible repetitive rms on-state current $I_{T(RMS)}$, versus surge duration, for sinusoidal currents, $f = 50\text{ Hz}$; $T_{mb} \leq 102^\circ\text{C}$.

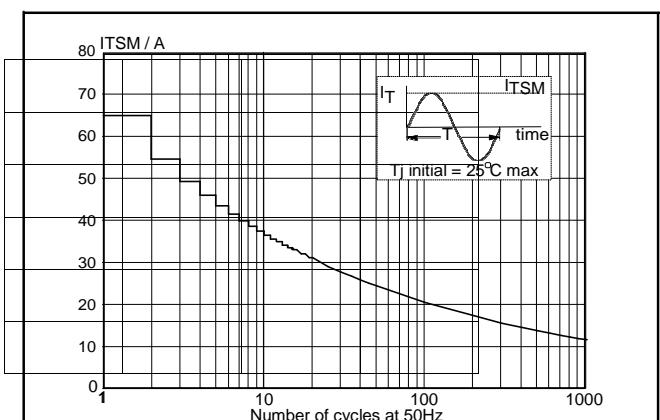


Fig. 3. Maximum permissible non-repetitive peak on-state current I_{TSM} , versus number of cycles, for sinusoidal currents, $f = 50\text{ Hz}$.

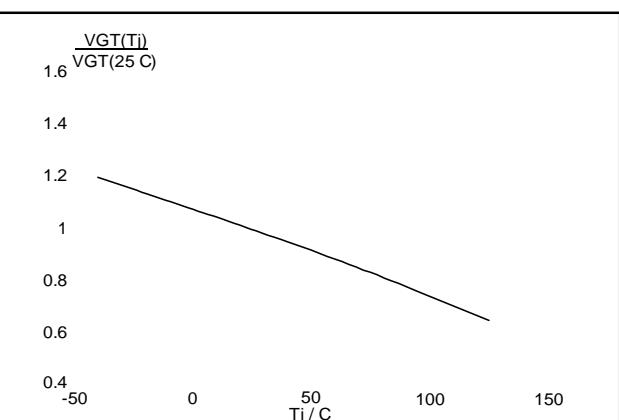


Fig. 6. Normalised gate trigger voltage $V_{GT}(T_i)/V_{GT}(25^\circ\text{C})$, versus junction temperature T_j .

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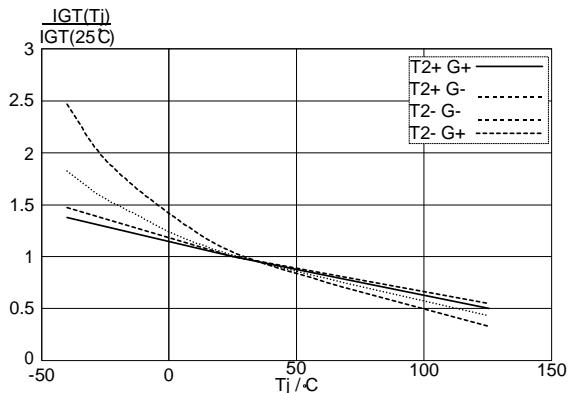
 HS137S series
 HS137M series


Fig. 7. Normalised gate trigger current $I_{GT}(T_j)/I_{GT}(25^\circ\text{C})$, versus junction temperature T_j

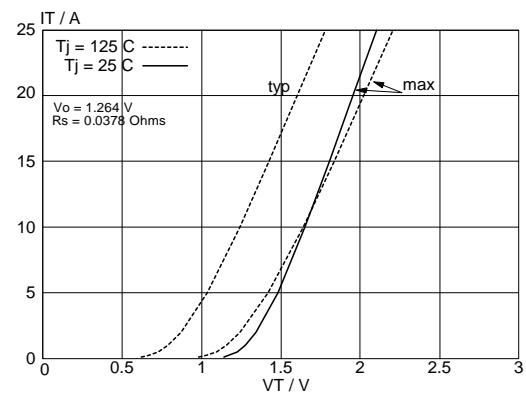


Fig. 10. Typical and maximum on-state

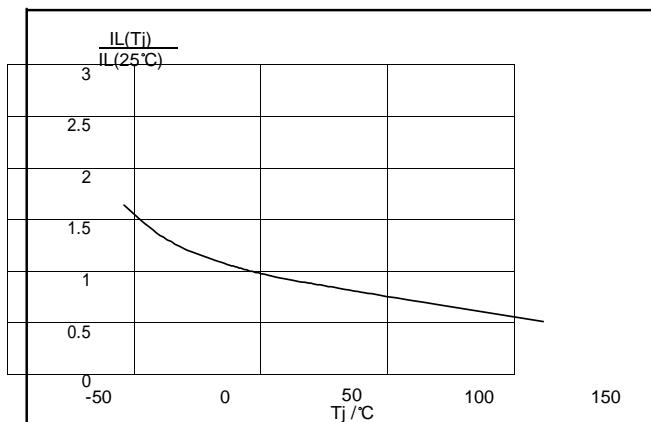


Fig. 8. Normalised latching current $I_L(T_j)/I_L(25^\circ\text{C})$, versus junction temperature T_j .

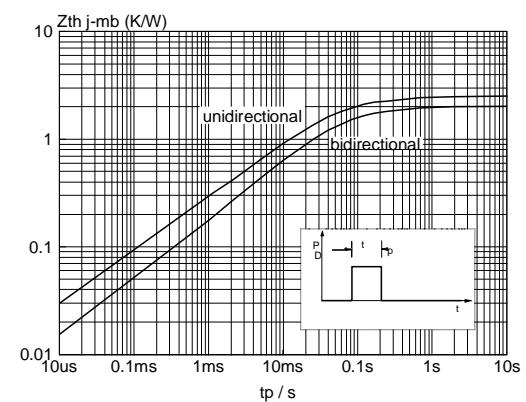


Fig. 11. Transient thermal impedance $Z_{th\ j\ -mb}$, versus pulse width t_p .

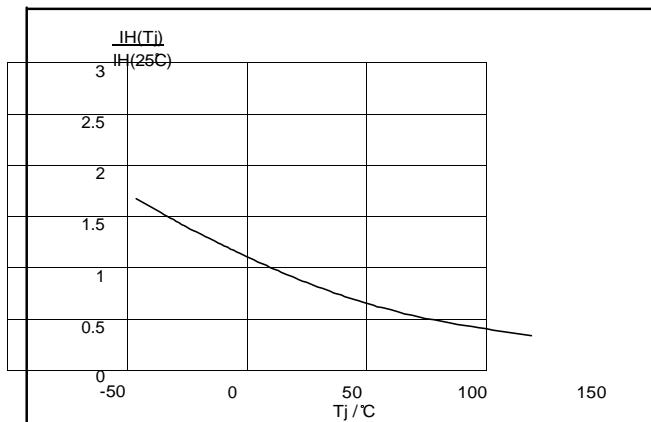


Fig. 9. Normalised holding current $I_H(T_j)/I_H(25^\circ\text{C})$, versus junction temperature T_j .

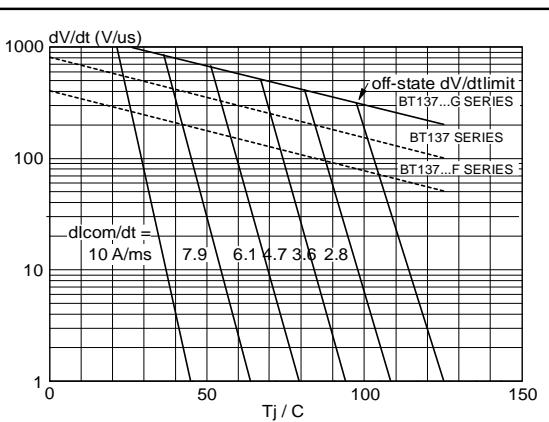


Fig. 12. Typical commutation dV/dt versus junction temperature, parameter commutation dI_{T}/dt . The triac should commutate when the dV/dt is below the value on the appropriate curve for pre-commutation dI_{T}/dt .

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Net Mass: 1.1 g

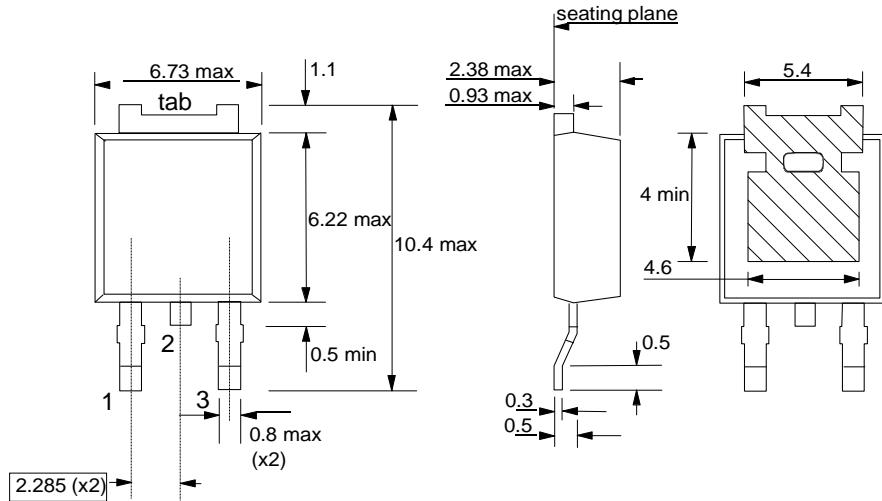


Fig.13. SOT428 : centre pin connected to tab.

MOUNTING INSTRUCTIONS

Dimensions in mm

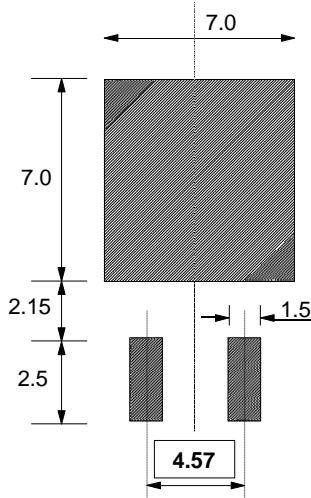


Fig.14. SOT428 : minimum pad sizes for surface mounting.

Notes

1. Plastic meets UL94 V0 at 1/8".